appeal from the docket without prejudice to its reinstatement when the cause of suspension has been removed. Unless either party or the Board acts within 3 years to reinstate any appeal dismissed without prejudice, the dismissal shall be deemed to have been made with prejudice.

(b) Dismissal for failure to prosecute or defend. Whenever a record discloses the failure of either party to file documents required by these rules, respond to notices or correspondence from the Board, comply with orders of the Board, or otherwise indicates an intention not to continue the prosecution or defense of an appeal, the Board may issue an order requiring the offending party to show cause why the appeal should not be either dismissed or granted, as appropriate. If no cause is shown, the Board may take appropriate action.

## § 4.128 Remands from courts.

Whenever any matter is remanded to the Board from any court for further proceedings, each of the parties, shall, within 20 days of such remand, submit a report to the Board, recommending procedures to be followed in order to comply with the court's order. The Board will review the reports and issue the appropriate special orders.

APPENDIX I TO SUBPART C OF PART 4—SUGGESTED FORM OF NOTICE OF APPEAL

Interior Board of Contract Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Arlington, VA 22203
(Date)
(Name of Contractor)
(Address)
Contract No.
(Invitation No.)
Specifications No.
(Name and Location of Project)
(Name of Bureau or Office)
The undersigned contractor appeals to the Board of Contract Appeals from decision or findings of fact dated , by:
(Name of Contracting Officer)
The decision or findings of fact is erroneous because: (State specific facts and circumstances and the contractual provisions involved.) (Signature)
(Title)

[46 FR 57499, Nov. 24, 1981, as amended at 67

FR 4368, Jan. 30, 2002]

## dian Affairs Hearings and Appeals AUTHORITY 5 II S.C. 301: 25 II S.C. 2 9 372-

Subpart D—Rules Applicable in In-

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301; 25 U.S.C. 2, 9, 372–74, 410; Pub. L. 99–264, 100 Stat. 61, as amended.

CROSS REFERENCE: For regulations pertaining to the processing of Indian probate matters within the Bureau of Indian Affairs, see 25 CFR part 15. For regulations pertaining to the probate of Indian trust estates within the Probate Hearings Division, Office of Hearings and Appeals, see 43 CFR part 30. For regulations pertaining to the authority, jurisdiction, and membership of the Board of Indian Appeals, Office of Hearings and Appeals, see subpart A of this part. For regulations generally applicable to proceedings before the Hearings Divisions and Appeals poards of the Office of Hearings and Appeals, see subpart B of this part.

SCOPE OF SUBPART; DEFINITIONS

SOURCE: 66 FR 67656, Dec. 31, 2001, unless otherwise noted.

## §4.200 How to use this subpart.

For provisions relating to . . .

(a) The following table is a guide to the relevant contents of this subpart by subject matter.

Consult . . .

<ul><li>(1) Appeals to the Board of Indian Appeals generally.</li><li>(2) Appeals to the Board of Indian Appeals from decisions of the Probate Hearings Division in Indian probate</li></ul>	§§ 4.310 through 4.318. §§ 4.201 and 4.320 through 4.326.
matters.	
(3) Appeals to the Board of Indian Appeals from actions or decisions of BIA.	§§ 4.201 and 4.330 through 4.340.
(4) Review by the Board of Indian Appeals of other matters referred to it by the Secretary, Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs, or Director-Office of Hearings and Appeals.	§§ 4.201 and 4.330 through 4.340.
(5) Determinations under the White Earth Reservation Land Settlement Act of 1985.	§§ 4.350 through 4.357.

(b) Except as limited by the provisions of this part, the regulations in subparts A and B of this part apply to these proceedings.

[73 FR 67287, Nov. 13, 2008]

## § 4.201 Definitions.

Administrative law judge (ALJ) means an administrative law judge with OHA appointed under the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 3105.